1. Introduction
In March 2011 Statutory Guidance was published which requires the Council to publish a policy by 30 September 2011 setting out its approach towards promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family and friends carers.

It has been estimated that up to 300,000 children are cared for full time by a relative, friend or other person previously connected with the child. The majority of family and friends carers act informally by agreement with those holding parental responsibility for the children they care for. Most such arrangements remain entirely private without the need for the involvement of children’s social care services. Where a child is assessed as being ‘in need’ support may be provided by the Council under Section 17 of the Children Act 1989.

In other circumstances family and friends care arrangements may be subject to the requirements of legislation such as that which governs private fostering, residence orders, special guardianship orders or children who are looked after by the Local Authority and placed with foster carers who are relatives, friends or other persons connected with the child.

This policy sets out the Council’s approach to meeting the needs of children living with family and friends carers in the following circumstances:

- In informal arrangements with a relative;
- In informal arrangements with friends or other family members which last for a period of less than 28 days;
- As a private fostering arrangement;
- As a looked after child placed with foster carers who are relatives, friends or other ‘connected persons’;
- Under a residence order or special guardianship order;
- In arrangements which may lead to an adoption order.

2. Definitions
Relative
Under the Children Act 1989 a relative means grandparent, brother, sister, uncle or aunt (whether full blood or half blood or by marriage or civil partnership) or step-parent.

Family and Friends carer
A relative, friend or other person with a prior connection with somebody else’s child who is caring for that child full time. The child may or may not be looked after by the Local Authority.

Parental Responsibility (PR)
As defined by Section 3 of the Children Act 1989 it is all the rights, duties, powers, responsibility and authority which by law a parent has in relation the child and his property. The mother of a child automatically has Parental Responsibility. Full parental responsibility can be conferred on the father of a child who was not married to the child’s mother, by virtue of a Parental Responsibility Order or a guardian.
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

appointed by the court (or by a will, known as a testamentary guardian, or if he was present at registration of the birth and is named on the birth certificate.

Connected Person
A relative, friend or other person connected with a looked after child. A person in the last category may be someone who knows the child in a more professional capacity such as a childminder, teacher or youth worker, although these are not exclusive categories.

Private Fostering
An arrangement where a child who is under 16 (or 18 if disabled) and who has not been provided with accommodation by the local authority, is cared for and accommodated by someone who does not have parental responsibility for him and is not a relative, and the arrangement continues for a period of 28 days of more or is intended to do so.

Informal arrangement
An arrangement where a child is living with a family and friends carer who does not have parental responsibility for the child. Informal arrangements do not include arrangements where the child is looked after by the local authority, privately fostered, placed for adoption, or subject to a residence order or special guardianship order.

3. Principles
Children should be enabled to live within their families unless this is not consistent with their welfare.

Permanence for children will be promoted to enable a child to have a sense of security, continuity, commitment and identity. Where it is not possible for a child to return to their birth parents family and friends care will often provide an alternative route to permanence, particularly where this can be supported by residence order, special guardianship order or adoption.

Children and young people who are unable to live with their parents should receive the support that they and their carers need to safeguard and promote their welfare, whether or not they are looked after by the local authority.

Agencies providing family support and early intervention services should be aware of and sensitive to the needs of children who are living with family and friends carers. They should be accessible and welcoming to all generations and offer an appropriate service for people of all ages and with a variety of relationships to the child.

Support will be based on the needs of the child rather than solely their legal status; the individual circumstances of the child and the carer will be considered and where support services are identified as necessary to meet assessed needs these will not be withheld solely because the child is living in an informal arrangement.

In working with children in need the Council will ensure that it considers the capacity and willingness of extended family members to care for the child on a short or longer
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

term basis. Voluntary arrangements for the provision of services to children and families, including the consideration of potential alternative carers will always be explored before any steps are taken for the child to become looked after under Section 20 or 31 of the Children Act 1989. The Council will assess the suitability of possible arrangements and the most appropriate legal status of such arrangements. No child will have to become a looked after child under Section 20 or 31, for the sole purpose of enabling financial, practical or other support to be provided to the child’s carer. The Council will seek to provide any necessary support without the child becoming looked after unless the child requires accommodation and meets the criteria of Section 20 of the Children Act 1989 or to do so is the most appropriate way to ensure that their welfare is safeguarded and promoted.

The views of the child, their parents, any person holding parental responsibility and anyone caring for the child will be taken into account in any assessment of need, or plan to provide services.

4. Legal Framework

Living with a relative under an informal private arrangement

Some children may live with family or friends under an informal and entirely private arrangement which the Council knows nothing about. Unless there are concerns about the child’s protection or welfare the Council does not need to be informed of or to assess this arrangement unless it falls within the definition of private fostering (see below).

The Council may be involved with some informal arrangements if the child is deemed to be in need under Section 17 of the Children Act 1989, or in need of protection under Section 47. Examples are:

- Where as part of a child protection plan either in an emergency or on a planned basis the parent agrees for the child to live with a close relative while assessments are undertaken;
- As part of a child in need plan, a close relative cares for the child for a fixed, short period while assessments are undertaken or as part of a support plan to the parent with parental agreement.

The parent may not be able to make the arrangements directly themselves but if he/she has agreed this, the Council can assist the family to agree and make the arrangements. The Council’s role is not to “place” the child, but to support the family in making its own arrangements.

If the Council takes a major role in making arrangements for a child to be placed with a relative or friend, then it is more likely to be exercising its power and duties under Section 20 of the Children Act 1989 and the children would then be regarded as looked after.

The parent retains parental responsibility for the child. The carer does not have any parental responsibility for the child and will therefore be limited in terms of the decisions they are able to make concerning the child.
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

Privately fostered by wider family or a family friend
A parent may make arrangements for their child to live with a member of the wider family or a family friend. The child is privately fostered if they are under 16 years (18 if disabled) if the placement lasts for longer than 28 days, the carer does not have parental responsibility for the child and falls outside of the definition of a close relative in S.105 of the Children Act 1989 (grandparent, brother, sister, uncle, aunt; whether full blood, half blood or by marriage or civil partnership; or a step parent).

The parent should notify the Council in the area where the child will be living in advance of the arrangement. Alternatively the carer, or any agency who becomes aware this may be a privately fostered child should notify the Council. The Council has a legal duty to undertake an assessment and checks of the suitability of the carer, and carry out regular visits to the placement to check on the child’s welfare. In some cases, the child may already be known to children’s social care services as a child in need or in need of protection.

Appointed as a guardian after the death of a parent
Where a parent has died and appointed the carer as guardian for the child, and no-one else holds parental responsibility, the carer will have parental responsibility. Where there is another person with parental responsibility, the carer will be treated as looking after the child under a private arrangement and may be a private foster carer. The Local Authority has no role unless the child is determined to be in need or at risk or it is a private fostering arrangement.

Child Arrangements Order
Child Arrangements Orders were introduced in April 2014 and take the place of Residence Orders.

A person in whose favour a Child Arrangements Order is made will acquire parental responsibility for the child so long as the order is in force, and this will be shared with those already holding parental responsibility.

A Child Arrangements Order will normally last until a child is 16 years old although the Court may direct that the order last until the child is 18, for example where the child is disabled, or where the child was previously looked after by the Local Authority and his or her foster carers have applied for the order with a view to providing permanent care for him or her.

When a Child Arrangements Order is in place, the carer is under no duty to notify the council of the placement and the council is under no duty to monitor or assess the placement, unless the child is in need or in need of protection.

Special Guardianship Order
A Special Guardianship Order is an order made by the Court under section 14A of the Children Act 1989. The order offers an option to provide permanence for children who are unable to live with their parents but for whom adoption is not the right option, for example because of their age and existing attachment to their birth
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

parents. It may therefore be appropriate where a child lives with relatives or friends of the family, or with foster carers who wish to offer a permanent home to the child. A person in whose favour a Special Guardianship Order is made will become the child’s Special Guardian and acquire parental responsibility for the child which he or she can exercise to the exclusion of any other person with parental responsibility.

Parental consent must still, however, be obtained in relation to the child’s adoption, change of name or removal from the country for more than 3 months.

A Special Guardianship Order will last until a child is 18 years old. It will not automatically be discharged on the making of a Care Order, although the exercise of parental responsibility will be restricted as a result.

Accommodated by the Council
The Council and the child’s parents may enter into a voluntary agreement for the council to provide accommodation for the child under Section 20 of the Children Act 1989. The council is under a duty to enable the child to live with a relative or friend unless this would not be reasonably practical or consistent with their welfare. The parents of the child retain parental responsibility for the child. Any family member or friend caring for the child must be approved by the council as a foster carer as the child is considered to be looked after.

Looked after by the Council
A child may be looked after as a result of an interim or full care order (S.38 or Section 31 of the Children Act 1989).

A Court can only make a Care Order if it is satisfied that the child concerned is suffering or is likely to suffer significant harm as a result of the care being given or likely to be given to him if the order were not made. The Court must also have regard to a welfare checklist and so determine whether making a Care Order is in the child’s best interests.

Under a Care Order or an Interim Care Order the Council specified in the order acquires parental responsibility for the child, to be shared with the parents and any others who retain parental responsibility, for example Special Guardians. This will restrict the parents’ exercise of their parental responsibility to the extent required to safeguard or promote the child’s welfare.

Where a court has granted a Care Order Councils are under a duty to make arrangements to enable a looked after child to live with a relative or friend of the family unless this would not be reasonably practical or consistent with their welfare (S.23(6) of the Children Act 1989). Any family member or friend who cares for a looked after child must be approved as a foster carer.

5. Policy
Information about services and support
The Family and Youth Information Service provided by the council ensures that information about local services is available to support children. This includes
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

information about early years provision, day care and out of school facilities, health services, leisure services, schools and education. We will ensure this information is appropriate and available for family and friends carers. The Family and Youth Information Service can be accessed via the council’s website:

Childcare and Early Years (Central Bedfordshire)
Telephone: 0300 300 8119
Email: fyis@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk

We will ensure that the information we provide includes details of specialist services such as Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS), services for children with special educational needs and those with disabilities.

We will ensure that children’s centres, schools, early years settings and other people working with children and young people are aware of how to signpost friends and family carers to services and information. We will ensure that these settings consider their responsiveness to the needs of family and friends carers.

A list of independent organisations who can provide advice and support to family and friends carers is provided at Annex A and we will make sure this information is available via the Family and Youth Information Service.

Where family and friends carers are approved foster carers caring for a looked after child, the Council will pay for membership of the Fostering Network who provide independent advice to foster carers including those caring for a relative.

Financial support
Family and friends carers may be entitled to state benefits and allowances, such as child benefit and child tax credit. Advice on benefits can be found in libraries, in children’s centres and from the local Citizen Advice Bureau. Contact details for the Citizen Advice Bureau can be found at Annex B.

Children in need
Where a child has been assessed by the Councils Children’s Social Care services as being ‘in need’ the council may provide family support services to support family and friends care arrangements.

A child is defined as being in need if:

- S/he is unlikely to achieve or maintain, or to have the opportunity of achieving or maintaining, a reasonable standard of health or development without the provision for her/him of services by a local authority; or
- Her/his health or development is likely to be significantly impaired or further impaired, without the provision of such services; or
- S/he is disabled.

This can include assistance in kind, such as provision of furniture or periodic or regular financial support such as contribution to nursery. The Council has a children
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

in need procedure which gives more detail about the assessment process, eligibility for services and the arrangements for making decisions about whether financial support will be offered. Financial support will only be provided where the assessment indicates that this is the most appropriate way to safeguard and promote the child’s welfare. It is unlikely that ongoing financial support will be paid for a child in need living with family and friends for any considerable length of time.

In this situation families will be supported to consider appropriate legal routes to secure the child’s permanence within the family, such as residence order, special guardianship or adoption.

If a family and friends carer feels that the child is in need they should contact the Children’s Intake and Assessment Team.

Private fostering
Under a private fostering arrangement the parent of the child remains responsible for the financial maintenance of the child. The council will not usually provide financial support for the arrangement, unless the child is deemed to be in need as detailed in the section above. In exceptional circumstances the fostering service may provide essential equipment to the carer such as a bed to enable them to continue to care for the child.

Child Arrangements Orders
Where a family and friends carer has, or is considering applying for a Residence Order for a child the council has no legal duty to provide financial support and it is provided at our discretion. Under our policy for Residence Order financial support we may assist with the cost for a relative to make an application for the order. We may also pay a means-tested residence order allowance if the child was looked after prior to the order being granted or without an allowance the child would be at risk of becoming looked after. Please refer to the Child Arrangements Order financial support policy for more detailed guidance and criteria. All allowances paid are subject to regular review.

Special guardianship orders
Where a family and friends carer has or is considering applying for a special guardianship order for a child the council may assess the needs of the special guardian for support needed to care for the child and can provide a range of support and services, including financial support. However, there is no duty to provide financial support. It is the Council’s policy only to provide a means tested allowance if the child was looked after prior to the order being granted or where, without an allowance the child would be at risk of becoming looked after. Please refer to the Special Guardianship financial support policy for more detailed guidance and criteria.

Children looked after
Where a child is looked after either in a voluntary arrangement under Section 20, or due to a Care Order made by a court, the family and friends carer will be an approved foster carer and will be eligible for a weekly fostering allowance. Please see fostering policies for more details.
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

Contact

We recognise that contact between children and their parents is important in helping the child to maintain a sense of belonging and identity unless it is not practicable or consistent with the child’s welfare.

Where a child is looked after, the council has a duty to promote contact between the child and their family where they are living away from home unless it is not practicable or consistent with the child’s welfare. This includes where they are living with family and friends carers. The child’s care plan will detail how this will be put into practice.

The care plan will take into account the particular difficulties that can arise in family and friends placements. Often the carers will be reluctant, at least initially, to set boundaries on contact. It is important therefore that the child’s social worker takes responsibility for this and makes sure that the care plan details what the contact arrangements are. Carers can often come under pressure to increase contact, when this is neither desirable for them nor the child. They may also fail to inform the social worker of any increased or unplanned contact. Contact may change with the child’s needs, but this needs to be properly managed and agreed as part of a contact plan.

Where a child is not looked the Council’s duties are different. The Council has to promote contact between a child who is living away from home and his family where it is necessary to do so to safeguard and promote his welfare. Where the child is in need or in need of protection the council may need to be involved to facilitate or support safe and or appropriate contact.

Where the council is involved in promoting or facilitating contact this is usually by way of referral to an independent contact service provided by a local voluntary organisation.

The Council will ensure that the Family and Youth Information Service provides information about local contact services and family mediation services for those family and friends carers who do not have council involvement in contact arrangements.

Family group meetings

The council provides a family group meeting service to support families to identify resources and support that they can provide to meet the child’s needs, including enabling children to remain living within the family as appropriate. Please refer to A guide for professionals - family group meeting.

Meetings are held at early stages in planning for the child to engage family members and to support them in finding solutions to the issues at hand.

The family group meeting service is available to all families involved with Children’s Social Care Services, although priority will be given to cases where the child is currently or at risk of becoming looked after, or where there are child protection concerns. Referral to the family group meeting service is made by the child’s social
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

worker and the family are involved in agreeing which family members will be involved.

Private fostering arrangements
The Council has a statement of purpose, policy and procedures in relation to private fostering which set out how the council implements its duties to assess and visit private fostering arrangements.

Private foster carers have access to the same range of support services as informal family and friends carers.

Family and friends foster carers
Where a child is looked after by the Council either by a voluntary arrangement with the agreement of their parents or because a care order is in place, the Council will seek to place the child with family or friends wherever possible.

A looked after child can only be placed with a family and friends carer if they have been given temporary or full approval as a foster carer. In order to be approved as a foster carer the Council has to assess the suitability of the carer and their household in line with standards set out in legal regulations.

Family and friends foster carers have equal entitlement to the support, training, advice and allowances available to all other foster carers.

A range of fostering policies, including the procedure for placing a child with family and friends, gives further detail on the assessment, support and training of family members caring for a child on a planned or emergency basis.

Complaints
The Council has a procedure for dealing with complaints, including those about Children’s Social Care.

Any child or family and friends carer who feels they have grounds to make a complaint should let us know by telephoning or writing to the manager of the service they are giving feedback about.

Alternatively the Customer Relations team can be contacted as detailed below:

Telephone: 0300 300 6077 or 0300 300 4995 (please leave a message if the team is not available and they will contact you within 1 working day);
Email: customer.relations@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk;
Post: Customer Relations, Strategy and Performance, Central Bedfordshire Council, Priory House, Monks Walk, Chicksands, Shefford, Beds, SG17 5TQ.

6. How this policy will be put into practice
Regular consultation will take place with the wider community including friends and family carers to inform this policy and its implementation.
A communication strategy will be developed and implemented to ensure that friends and family carers are aware of the policy and that appropriate information is made available through leaflets, information on the council website, via the Family and Youth Information Service and via stakeholder groups. Briefings will be undertaken with Children’s Services staff to ensure they are familiar with this policy and the statutory guidance which outlines the Council’s responsibilities to children living with friends and family.

A financial model will be developed alongside the children in need procedures to outline clearly the criteria for ongoing financial support under Section 17.

The Council will appoint a lead officer to oversee the implementation of this policy, as required by the statutory guidance. This will be the Head of Safeguarding and Children in Care. The lead office may delegate certain tasks to other officers and will work closely with the Head of Early Intervention and Prevention, and the Head of Corporate Parenting.

Appendix A:

Central Bedfordshire Council Children’s Social Care Services
Assesses and supports children who are in need, in need of protection or looked after by the Council.

Intake and Assessment Team - for all initial enquiries about children in need or in need of protection.
Telephone: 0300 300 8303
Email: intake&assessment@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk

Family Support Team.
Telephone: 0300 300 8149

Children with Disabilities Team - for all initial enquiries about children with disabilities.
Telephone: 0300 300 6363 or 0300 300 6358
Email: CWD.Duty@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk

Adoption Team - support for adopters or special guardians.
Telephone: 0300 300 8090
Email: adoption@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk

Fostering Team - support for families and friends carers.
Telephone: 0300 300 8090
Email: fostering@centralbedfordshire.gov.uk

Action for Prisoners’ Families - works to reduce the negative impact of imprisonment on prisoners’ families. Produces publications and resources, and provides advice, information and training as well as networking opportunities.
Website: www.prisonersfamilies.org.uk
Address: Unit 21, Carlson Court, 116 Putney Bridge Road, London, SW15 2NQ
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

Telephone: 020 8812 3600
Email: info@actionpf.org.uk
info@prisonersfamilieshelpline.org.uk
Advice line: 0808 808 2003

Addaction - offers a range of support developed for families and carers affected by substance misuse.
Website: www.addaction.org.uk
Address: 67-69 Cowcross Street, London, EC1M 6PU
Telephone: 020 7251 5860
Email: info@addaction.org.uk

Adfam - works with families affected by drugs and alcohol, and supports carers of children whose parents have drug and alcohol problems.
Website: www.adfam.org.uk
Address: 25 Corsham Street, London, N1 6DR
Telephone: 020 7553 7640
Email: admin@adfam.org.uk

Advisory Centre for Education (ACE) - offers free independent advice and information for parents and carers on a range of state education and schooling issues, including admissions, exclusion, attendance, special educational needs and bullying.
Website: www.ace-ed.org.uk
Address: 1c Aberdeen Studios, 22 Highbury Grove, London, N5 2DQ
General advice line: 0808 800 5793
Exclusion advice line: 0808 800 0327
Exclusion information line: 020 7704 9822 (24hr answer phone)

Children’s Legal Centre - provides free independent legal advice and factsheets to children, parents, carers and professionals.
Website: www.childrenslegalcentre.com
Address: University of Essex, Wivenhoe Park, Colchester, Essex, CO4 3SQ
Telephone: 01206 877 910
E-mail: clc@essex.ac.uk

Child Law Advice Line
Telephone: 0808 802 0008

Community Legal Advice - Education:
Telephone: 0845 345 4345

Citizens Advice Bureau - helps people resolve their legal, money and other problems by providing free, independent and confidential advice through local bureau and website.
Website: www.citizensadvice.org.uk
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

CoramBAAF Adoption and Fostering Academy - is the leading membership organisation dedicated to improving outcomes for children and young people in care by supporting the agencies and professionals who work with them. Website: [http://www.baaf.org.uk/](http://www.baaf.org.uk/)

Department for Education - lists details of telephone help lines and online services to provide information, advice and support on a range of issues that parents and families may face in bringing up children and young people. Website: [www.education.gov.uk/childrenandyoungpeople/families](http://www.education.gov.uk/childrenandyoungpeople/families)

Family Fund Trust - helps families with severely disabled or seriously ill children to have choices and the opportunity to enjoy ordinary life. Gives grants for things that make life easier and more enjoyable for the disabled child and their family. Website: [www.familyfund.org.uk](http://www.familyfund.org.uk) Address: 4 Alpha Court, Monks Cross Drive, York, YO32 9WN Telephone: 0845 130 4542 Email: [info@familyfund.org.uk](mailto:info@familyfund.org.uk)

Family Rights Group (FGR) - provides advice to parents and other family members whose children are involved with or require children’s social care services because of welfare needs or concerns. Publishes resources, helps to develop support groups for family and friends carers, and runs a discussion board. Website: [www.frg.org.uk](http://www.frg.org.uk) Address: Second Floor, The Print House, 18 Ashwin Street, London, E8 3DL Telephone: 020 7923 2628 Email: [advice@frg.org.uk](mailto:advice@frg.org.uk) Advice line: 0800 801 0366

The Fostering Network - supports foster carers and anyone with an interest in fostering to improve the lives of children in care. Publishes resources and runs Fosterline, a confidential advice line for foster carers including concerns about a child's future, allegations and complaints, legislation and financial matters. Website: [www.fostering.net](http://www.fostering.net) Address: 87 Blackfriars Road, London, SE1 8HA Email: info@fostering.net Telephone: 020 7620 6400 Email: [fosterline@fostering.net](mailto:fosterline@fostering.net) Fosterline: 0800 040 7675

The Grandparents’ Association - supports grandparents and their families, especially those who have lost or are losing contact with their grandchildren because of divorce, separation or other family problems, those caring for their grandchildren on a full-time basis, and those with childcare responsibilities for their grandchildren. Website: [www.grandparents-association.org.uk](http://www.grandparents-association.org.uk) Address: Moot House, The Stow, Harlow, Essex, CM20 3AG Telephone: 01279 428040 Email: [info@grandparents-association.org.uk](mailto:info@grandparents-association.org.uk) Helpline: 0845 434 9585
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

Welfare benefits advice and information.
Telephone: 0844 357 1033

Grandparents Plus - champions the role of grandparents and the wider family in children’s lives, especially when they take on the caring role in difficult family circumstances.
Website: www.grandparentsplus.org.uk
Address: Grandparents Plus, 18 Victoria Park Square, Bethnal Green, London, E2 9PF
Telephone: 020 8981 8001
Email: info@grandparentsplus.org.uk

Mentor UK - promotes the health and wellbeing of children and young people to reduce the damage that drugs can do to lives.
Website: www.mentoruk.org.uk
Address: Fourth Floor, 74 Great Eastern Street, London, EC2A 3JG
Telephone: 020 7739 8494
Email: admin@mentoruk.org

Family Mediation Helpline - provides information and advice about family mediation services and eligibility for public funding.
Telephone: 08456 026627
Website: www.nfm.org.uk

National Family Mediation (NFM) - provides mediation services to support couples who are separated, and their children and others affected by this.
Website: www.nfm.org.uk
Address: 4 Barnfield Hill, Exeter EX1 1SR
Telephone: 0300 4000 636
Email: general@nfm.org.uk

Partners of Prisoners and Families Support Group - operates helpline and provides a variety of services to support anyone who has a link with someone in prison, prisoners and other agencies.
Website: www.partnersofprisoners.co.uk
Address: Valentine House, 1079 Rochdale Road, Blackley, Manchester, M9 8AJ
Telephone: 0161 702 1000
Email: info@prisonersfamilieshelpline.co.uk
Offenders’ Families Helpline Tel: 0808 808 2003

Prison Advice and Care Trust (PACT) - provides practical and emotional support to prisoners and to their children and families. The Kinship Care Support Service provides support and advice to family members and friends who care for children whose parents are in HMP Holloway.
Website: www.prisonadvice.org.uk
Address: Park Place, 12 Lawn Lane, Vauxhall, London, SW8 1UD
Telephone: 020 77359535
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

Parents Against Drug Abuse (PADA) - delivers support and services to the families of substance users, including a national helpline.
Website: www.pada.org.uk
Address: The Foundry, Marcus Street, Birkenhead, CH41 1EU
Telephone: 0151 649 1580
National Families Helpline: 08457 023867

Parentline Plus - provides help and support in all aspects of family life, including information, an online chat facility and a 24 hour helpline.
Website: www.familylives.org.uk
Address: CAN Mezzanine, 49-51 East Road, London, N1 6AH
Telephone: 020 7553 3080
Email: parentsupport@familylives.org.uk
24hr Advice line: 0808 800 2222

TalktoFrank - the government’s national drugs helpline which offers free confidential drugs information and advice 24 hours a day. Information and advice is also available via the website.
Website: www.talktofrank.com
24 hour advice line: 0800 77 66 00
Text: 82111
Email: frank@talktofrank.com

Voice - advocacy organisation for children living away from home or in need.
Website: www.voiceyp.org
Address: 320 City Road, London, EC1V 2NZ
Telephone: 020 7833 5792
Young person’s advice line: 0808 800 5792
Email: info@voiceyp.org

Young Minds – works to improve the emotional wellbeing and mental health of children and young people and empowering their parents and carers.
Website: www.youngminds.org.uk
Address: 48-50 St John Street, London, EC1M 4DG
Telephone: 020 7336 8445
Parents helpline: 0808 802 5544

Appendix B:
Mid-Bedfordshire Services

Mid-Bedfordshire (Biggleswade) Citizens Advice Bureau
Address: Century House, Market Square, Biggleswade, Bedfordshire, SG18 8UU
Telephone: 01767 601368 appointments line
Website: www.midbedscab.org.uk

Mid-Bedfordshire (Ampthill) Citizens Advice Bureau
Address: The Court House, Woburn Street, Ampthill, Beds, MK45 2HX
Telephone: 01525 402742 appointment line
Promoting and supporting the needs of children living with family or friends carers

Website:  www.midbedscab.org.uk

Dunstable and District Citizens Advice Bureau
Address: Grove House, 76 High Street North, Dunstable, Beds, LU6 1NF
Telephone: 01582 661384 (advice line)
01582 670003 (administration line)
Website:  www.dunstablecab.org.uk

Leighton Linslade Citizens Advice Bureau
Address: Bossard House, West Street, Leighton Buzzard, Beds, LU7 1DA
Telephone: 01525 373878 (Advice Line)
01525 374589 (Administration only - no advice given)
Fax: 01525 371161
Website:  www.leightonlinsladecab.org.uk

Bedford & District Citizens Advice Bureau
Address: 7a St Paul's Square, Bedford, Beds, MK40 1SQ
Telephone: 01234 354384
Fax: 01234 210065
Website:  www.bedfordcab.org.uk