

Footnotes:

1.) Homes delivered are based on an rounded annual delivery of 300 homes over the 17 year period from 2014 to 2031

2.) Permanent Operational Jobs have been calculated by dividing the anticipated total number of Permanent Operational Jobs once the scheme is complete over a 15 year period from 2016

3.) Temporary Construction Jobs includes c.880 Temporary Construction Jobs as a result of the A5-M1 Link and Woodside Connection and a further 2,550 Temporary Construction Jobs associated with the delivery of HRN1 and are a maximum

WOODSIDE LINK - PROJECT RISK REGISTER

WOODOIDE EINK-TROJEOT RIOK REGIOTER				Risk Score				Most Likely (Before)				Most Likely (After)				
Ident #	Program me Task Affected	Risk Type	Description	Likelihood (1-4	Impact (1-4)	Risk Score (1-16)	Direct Cost (£k)	Project Delay (Months)	Probability %	Risk Cost		Direct Cost (£k)	Project Delay (Months)	Probability %	Risk Cost	Possible actions to Limit Risk
GENERAL																Succession planning and knowledge sharing
10001	ALL	Plan	Change in Key Staff (Employer)	2	2	4	0	1	5	30		0	0.25	50	8	to reduce impact
10002	ALL	Plan	Change in Key Staff (Consultant)	2	3	6	20	1	20) 16		20	0.5	20	10	Good knowledge sharing to reduce impact
10003	ALL	Plan	Change in Key Staff (Developer)	2	2	4	0	1	5) 30		0	0.5	50	15	Succession planning to reduce impact
10014	ALL	Plan	Legislation Changes	2	4	8	11) 6	5	24		110	3	5	15	Monitor legislation changes
			Increase in Construction Cost													
10101	ALL	Fund	Indices	2	4	8	150	0 0	1() 150		1500	0	10	150	None
			Lack of DfT / External funding (by		-		_					-		_		
10102	ALL	Fund	one year)	1	2	2	0	12	5	36	_	0	12	5	36	Delay until funding certain
10102	AL 1	Fund	Loss of developer funding (by one	1	2	2		10	1	. 72		0	10	10	70	Delay until funding cortain
10103	ALL	Fund	Loss of LA funding (by one year)	2	2	4	0	12	1	5 108	_	0	12	10	108	Delay until funding certain
10104	7122	1 dilid		-	~	-		12		, 100	-	Ŭ	12	10	100	
SPECIFIC																
			Environmental Statement Not													
10011	42	Plan	Accepted	1	3	3	60	3	1:	5 36	_	60	3	5	12	Early discussions with PINS
10013	68	Plan	High Court Challenge	1	3	3	50	6	1() 41	_	50	6	10	41	None
	76	Plan	Land ownership problem	2	3	6	20	12	20	148		20	1	10	8	Ensure all land registered and CPO correct
			Environmental issue - protected													
10023	77	Site	species	2	3	6	30	6	40	516		30	4	10	87	Thorough survey at design stage
10024	80	Site	Environmental issue - reptiles	2	3	6	30	4	4	348	_	30	4	5	44	Thorough survey at design stage
10001	00	Cite	Archaeology Find	2	4	0	45		2	100		150		20	100	More trial transhee, but could delay project
10021	63	Sile		2	4	0	15	4	2	5 198	_	150	4	20	198	Additional legal resource to check
	86	Site	Frror in Development Consent Order	2	2	4	50	6	20	262		50	6	5	66	documents
	00	0.10		_	_			Ű		202		00	Ű		00	Additional legal resource to check
	86	Site	Error in Compulsory Purchase Order	2	2	4	20	3	20	130		20	3	5	33	documents
	86	Site	Accommodation works	1	1	1	20	0	1() 2		20	0	10	2	Extensive liaison
10022	86	Site	Environmental issue - knotweed etc	2	3	6	30	4	40	348	_	30	4	10	87	Thorough survey
10025	86	Sito	Environmental issue - protected	2	2	6	30	4	4	2/9		20	4	10	97	troos etc. at correct time
10025	00	Sile	laulia	2	3	0	30	4	41	5 340	_	30	4	10	07	Thorough survey clearance of scrub trees
10025	86	Site	Environmental issue - protected flora	2	3	6	30	4	40	348		30	4	10	87	etc. at correct time
10031	86	Site	Environmental protests	2	2	4	60	1	20	54		60	1	5	14	Work with environmental pressure groups
	87	Site	HV overhead Electricity Pylon in way	1	4	4	100	0 9	2	5 723		1000	9	5	145	Try to avoid in design or relocate pylons
	07	0	Delay by UKPN moving HV	,		,				-		_	~	40		Structure contract to minimise abortive costs
	8/	Site	overnead lines	1	4	4	0	6	2	5 315	_	0	3	10	63	/ downtime
	87	Site	fill	1	2	2	15	1	11	36		150	05	5	13	Additional site investigation
	51	0.10	Poor ground conditions - Change		-	-		· '					0.0			
	87	Site	foundations	2	2	4	40	1	20	50		40	0.5	10	15	Specirfic location Site investigation
			Porr ground conditions - import													
	87	Site	capping	1	2	2	40	1	1(25		40	0.5	5	7	Additional site investigation
		0.	Poor ground conditions -	,		_								_ ا		
	87	Site	Groundwater level	1		0	40	1	5	13	_	40	0.5	5	7	Additional site investigation
	0/	SITE	Delay in EA approval to brook	2		2	1(0.5	0 31	J 35	+	10	0.5	30	35	r ass lisk to contractor ? ?
	87	Site	diversion	2	2	4	1(3	30	192		10	3	10	64	Agree all details with EA prior to siteworks
	87	Site	No discharge point agreed	2	2	4	00	3	3	189		0	3	10	63	Agree all details with EA prior to siteworks
			Adverse weather conditions (cold /													Programme weather critical items to best
L	87	Site	wet)	4	1	4	0	1	7	5 158		0	1	60	126	times
	07	0:1-	Access to site Read Naturali			,						_		_	4.4	Ensure land take and streetworks is part of
<u> </u>	8/	Site	ACCESS TO SILE - KOAO INETWORK	1	1	1	0	1	10	21	_	0	1	5	11	application Don't let site contract until 11A under
	87	Plan	Junction 11A not available in time	4	1	4	0	3	5	90		0	0.5	10	3	construction
	87	Site	Unexpected SU service	1	3	3	10) 1	10	31		100	1	5	16	Trial holes for services

Appraisal Summary Table		Date produced:	21 Feb 20	013	C	ontact:
Name of scheme: Description of scheme:	Woodside Link, Houghton Regis 3.3km of new road running North Eastwards from the junction of Park Road North, Poynters Road (between existing junctions 11 and 12) which will be constructed as part of the A5-M1 Link being pre-	and Porz Avenue in Houghton Regis t omoted by the Highways Agency.	Name Organisation Role	John Brown Central Beds C Promoter		
Impacts	Summary of key impacts	Quantitativ	As: ve	sessment Qualitative	Monetary £(NPV)	Distributional 7-pt scale/ vulnerable grp
Business users & transport providers	Will provide a direct access to the M1 and the rest of the strategic network via Junction 11a from the Woodside Industrial Area in Houghton Regis and other industrial areas in Dunstable and result in savings in travel time and vehicle operating costs. By helping to remove traffic from the centre of Dunstable and Houghton Regis it will decrease the congestion which currently affects the reliability of bus services.	Value of journey time cha Net journey time cl 0 to 2min 2 to 5min	anges(£) hanges (£) > 5min	Large beneficial		
Reliability impact on Business users	The construction of the link will shorten journey times for commercial vehicles and will also improve the reliability of trips to and from large areas of business and industrial premises.			Large beneficial		
Regeneration	The Link will provide access to a new development site proposed for the area to the West of the M1 and in particular a proposed logisitcs / distribution centre - part of the Houghton Regis North development. The development overall is predicted to provide over 2,000 net new jobs to the area. [SOURCE - Outline Planning Application for Houghton Regis North Development]. By improving access to Dunstable by removing congestion it should assist in attracting more visitors to the town centre.			Moderate Beneficial		
Wider Impacts	The scheme should provide improved access to Houghton Regis and Dunstable.			Moderate Beneficial		
Noise Noise	There will be significant increase in noise for residents at the Southern end of the route where it passes through a narrow corridor to access the existing network, without mitigation, but this would be compensated by a reduction in noise levels in the centre of the urban areas from where the traffic is being removed. There would also be an increase in noise for users of the informal recreational area through which the Link passes. [SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]			Moderate beneficial		
Air Quality	There will be some increase in pollutant levels for resident at the Southern end of the scheme but changes would not be significant and levels would be within air quality objectives. There would be a beneficial effect on the AQMA that has been defined for central Dunstable and the A505 corridor.[SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]			Moderate Beneficail		
Greenhouse gases		Change in non-traded carbon over 60 Change in traded carbon over 60y (C	0y (CO2e) CO2e)			
Landscape	The Link will cross an area of arable farmland in the North and an area of scrubland in the South. In the North it will impinge on the landscape but it will eventually be in the centre of the Houghton Regis Development and will be an inherent part of this new urban environment. The landscape will be enhanced by the removal of two lines of electricity pylons that currently traverse the area in which the Link will be built. [SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]			Slight adverse		
Townscape	The Link will have no impact on the current townscape of the Dunstable / Houghton Regis conurbation and will be integrated into the townscape of the new development. It will have indirect effects on the townscape of Dunstable and Houghton Regis as a result of the removal of vehicles (particularly HGVs). The scheme includes the burying of electriuc cables which are currently carried on two lines of pylons through the area.[SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]			Neutral		
Heritage of Historic resources	The link has no significant impact on the historic heritage. [SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]			Neutral		
Biodiversity	There will be some loss of low level vegetation and some species habitats but there are no populations of endangered species in the area. [SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]			Slight adverse		

	Water Environment	The Link crosses the floodplain of the Houghton Brook which is a designated Main River but the Link will be constructed to cope with a 1 in 100 year flooding event. [SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]		Slight adverse	
Social	Commuting and Other users	As well as providing a more direct access to the Woodside Industrial Area the Link will also benefit commuters by car who will have a more direct route to the strategic highway network via Junction 11A of the M1.	Value of journey time changes(£) Net journey time changes (£) 0 to 2min 2 to 5min > 5min	Large beneficial	
	Reliability impact on Commuting and Other users	The reduction in lorry traffic in the urban area will also benefits those commuters who travel by bus as their journeys will be more reliable.		Large beneficial	
	Physical activity	A cycleway and footway form part of the design of the Link and will enable walkers and cyclists to access the network of formal and informal paths which cross the landscape around the route of the road. A cycleway will specifically connect to Nationsl Cycle Network Route 6 to the South of the Link		Moderate beneficial	
	Journey quality	Owing to the lack of congestion compared to the alternative routes the journey quality of many of the trips using the Link will be comparatively improved.		Slight beneficial	
	Accidents	No information			
	Security				
	Access to services	Improved connection to local amenities		Moderate beneficial	
	Affordability	The Houghton Regis North Development is currently the subject of an outline planning application to Central Bedfordshire Council and as this is developed through Area Masterplans a series of Section 106 agreements will be put in place to fund the infrastructure requirements. These will become available as the various areas of the development are built out. In the absence of sufficient funds being made available via this process, the Council has allocated £42million within its capital programme to underwrite the scheme, with the expectation that there will be substantial external contributions that can be recovered in later years.			
	Severance	The Link will sever some existing footpaths across the landscape but these will be restored as part of the scheme with some informal ones becoming more formalised. The Link will increase the feeling of severance between the urban areas of Houghton Regis and Lewsey Farm (Luton) [SOURCE - Stage 2 Environmental Assessment]		Slight adverse	
	Option values				
Public	Cost to Broad Transport Budget				
<	Indirect Tax Revenues				